




1. National Parks	2. Thailand – A Newly Emerging Economy
<p>Key ideas</p>  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What are National Parks and where are they located? • What is the purpose of a National Park? • How is land used on Dartmoor? • What conflicts might exist between land users on Dartmoor? • How can land use conflicts be resolved? 	<p>Key ideas</p>   <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Where is Thailand and what are the main features of the country? • What is the climate like in Thailand? • How developed is Thailand? • What can tourists do in Thailand? • What are the positives and negatives of tourism in Thailand?
<p>Keywords</p> <p>Land use – The purpose for a specific plot of land e.g. forestry, housing, shops</p> <p>National Park – A natural area that is protected by the Government for use by the general public</p> <p>Recreation – Activities that people do for enjoyment such as walking, painting, cycling etc</p> <p>Erosion – The wearing away of rock or soil by water, animals or humans</p> <p>Habitat – The natural environment of a plant or animal.</p> <p>Biodiversity – The variety of plants and animals within a habitat.</p> <p>Conservation – Protecting a natural environment such as a moorland or forest</p>	<p>Keywords</p> <p>Newly Emerging Economy – A country that is experiencing a quick rate of economic development.</p> <p>Development – Measures the quality of life and standard of living in a country. Richer countries are generally more developed</p> <p>Tropical – The region just north and south of the equator. It experiences high temperatures and seasonal rainfall</p> <p>Tourism – Visiting a place for recreation and enjoyment.</p> <p>Ecotourism – Responsible travel to natural areas that helps to conserve the environment.</p> <p>Sustainable – Actions or schemes that meet the needs of the present without harming the needs of people in the future</p>

